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Abstract: This article briefly presents the significance of the reforms carried out in Uzbekistan to develop entrepreneurship, the role of these reforms in the state economy and the well-being of the people, the concepts of entrepreneurship and small business, and the reforms being carried out to further develop entrepreneurship in Uzbekistan.

Keywords: application, opinion, family entrepreneurship, business, small business, entrepreneur, "Every family is an entrepreneur", crafts, market economy, private property, people

Introduction: One of the main goals of establishing a socially oriented market economy in Uzbekistan is the priority development of small business and private entrepreneurship in the country. To achieve this goal, economic reforms have been carried out, and large institutional foundations have been created to increase its role. These include legal and regulatory documents that ensure the organization of entrepreneurial activity and its guarantees, non-governmental organizations, and enterprises that support entrepreneurs. The formation of a complex of private entrepreneurship and small business enterprises in Uzbekistan is successfully underway.

Small business enterprises, independent of the state, that is, without large capital investments, can create jobs on their own, reduce the current temporary shortage of goods and even completely eliminate this shortage. In our modern society, it is necessary to direct the activities of small businesses to meet the needs of individual people. This is especially evident in the areas of household services and the production of consumer goods. Small businesses are also of great importance in the introduction of technological innovations. The number of small businesses in our republic and the volume of products they produce are increasing from year to year. Small businesses are established on the basis of such laws of the Republic of Uzbekistan as "On Enterprises", "On Property", "On Guarantees of Free Entrepreneurship", Presidential Decrees, Resolutions of the Cabinet of Ministers and other regulatory documents.

Main part: To date, small businesses and private entrepreneurship entities operate in all sectors of our country's economy, in the production of mechanical engineering products, consumer goods, agricultural and food products, and in other areas.

In recent years, enterprises engaged in private entrepreneurship and small business activities have been established in all sectors of the economy in the Republic of Uzbekistan. Thus, the role and importance of small businesses in the economy is increasing. The importance of private entrepreneurship and small business in the development of the national economy is characterized by the following:

-private entrepreneurship provides the necessary speed in a market economy, creates deep specialization in production and branched cooperation, without which high efficiency cannot be ensured;

-creates the competitive environment necessary for the market and is distinguished by its ability to quickly change the type of production in accordance with changing market demand;

- is able to quickly fill the gap in the consumer sector, and can quickly recoup the invested capital using the most modern machinery and technology.

Private entrepreneurship and small business are finding their place in the context of accelerating scientific and technical development, the transition to new technologies in advanced industries. Such entrepreneurship is an integral part of the entire system that ensures the implementation of new information technologies, new ideas and modernization of production. In addition, small businesses are considered one of the most favorable forms of production in conditions of high risk. [3]

State policy in the areas of taxation and trade plays an important role in the development of entrepreneurial activity. Research shows that restrictions in this area cause most of the problems in the development of small businesses. 75% of the surveyed entrepreneurs expressed their opinion on the need to improve the financial and credit system, 52.5% on taxes, and 69% on trade in material and technical resources. Therefore, at the current stage of reforms, it is important to analyze the factors that hinder entrepreneurship in these areas and evaluate them within the framework of market requirements. [1]

The development of small business and entrepreneurship is the main factor and source of employment for young people, helping them achieve economic independence and find their place in life.

On December 29, 2021, the President of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev, addressing the parliament, specifically emphasized the urgency of supporting young people in his speech and proposed declaring 2021 the “Year of Supporting Youth and Strengthening the Health of the Population”[4]. This proposal was supported by the public. Similarly, in his speech at the Youth Forum of Uzbekistan, President Shavkat Mirziyoyev described our youth as “the greatest wealth, the priceless treasure of Uzbekistan.”

From time immemorial, our country has been distinguished by its youth, the maturity of which has always been a priority. According to statistics, today 16 percent of the world's population is made up of young people. In our country, this indicator is worth recognizing - more than 60 percent of the population is the successors of our future. In this sense, it is no exaggeration to say that Uzbekistan is a country of youth.

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At the same time, in the context of economic liberalization, economic reforms aimed at developing entrepreneurship and strengthening its legal and regulatory framework are one of the urgent issues. It is no exaggeration to say that running a business that requires little investment, can be quickly modernized and can adapt well to the changing requirements of the market situation has become the need of the hour. Small business is the most important sector that fills the market with necessary goods and services and determines the structural basis of the economy.

In our country, entrepreneurship has long been inherent in our people and is highly valued in society. In particular, Amir Temur highly valued entrepreneurs and ambitious people during his reign: “I have seen in my experience that one determined, enterprising, vigilant, war-weary, brave, ambitious person is better than a thousand indolent, indifferent people. Because one experienced person gives work to thousands of people.”

In this regard, today, large-scale work is being carried out to widely involve the population in entrepreneurship, in particular, to comprehensively assist young people in implementing their business ideas.

In the regions, the ground is being created for the widespread involvement of families in entrepreneurial activities, their acquisition of a stable and additional source of income, the further development of national crafts, the implementation of women's entrepreneurial initiatives, the realization of promising ideas and projects of young entrepreneurs, and on this basis, ensuring employment of the population.

The sharp increase in the population's interest in earning income through labor, especially in needy families, requires the systematic continuation of preferential financing of projects related to the expansion of production and services in unused buildings in the regions, the expansion of agricultural production through the effective use of household plots and vacant land. In the regions of the republic, comprehensive assistance is being provided to the population in engaging in specific labor activities aimed at earning income, the development of family entrepreneurship, and the systematic organization of work in this area.

A solid legislative and legal framework for the development of entrepreneurship in Uzbekistan has been formed, which is being regularly improved. Significant tax and financial incentives have been established for this sector.

The Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan “On measures to radically improve the system of state protection of the legitimate interests of business and further development of entrepreneurial activity” provides for the development of entrepreneurial activity and the protection of the legitimate interests of business, as well as for the radical improvement of the activities of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry of the Republic of Uzbekistan. The Decree defines the specific and most important tasks of the Chamber of Commerce and Industry, such as protecting the rights of entrepreneurs, improving the business and investment climate, supporting entrepreneurial activity, interacting with state bodies, educating and training business entities, attracting foreign economic activity and investments.

In order to improve the welfare of the people, programs such as “Every Family is an Entrepreneur”, “Youth is Our Future”, “Prosperous Village”, “Prosperous Neighborhood”, and homestead development were adopted. These programs serve to ensure employment and create a source of income for families.

Based on the Decrees of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. PF-5242 dated November 17, 2017 “On measures for the further development of crafts and comprehensive support of craftsmen”, No. PF-5466 dated June 27, 2018 “On the State Program “Youth - Our Future”, No. PQ-3680 dated April 26, 2018 “On additional measures to improve the activities of farmers, peasant farms and homestead landowners”, No. PQ-3777 dated June 7, 2018 “On the implementation of the program “Every family is an entrepreneur” and No. PQ-3856 dated July 14, 2018 “On measures to improve and increase the efficiency of work to ensure employment of the population” Preferential loans are provided to the population and business entities who wish to engage in family entrepreneurship, specific labor activities aimed at earning income, and expand their type of activity, at an annual rate of 8 percent, with a grace period of 3-6 months for a period of no more than 3 years. In this regard, from January 1, 2020,

the possibility of providing loans through JSC Xalq Bank, JSCB "Mikrokreditbank" and JSCB "Agrobank" at the refinancing rate of the Central Bank of the Republic of Uzbekistan has been created.

New effective systems are being created to support the cooperation of state bodies and business structures, especially at the stage when business entities are just starting their activities, in order to implement the tasks set out in the Strategy of Actions in five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan for 2017-2021, including establishing mechanisms for effective dialogue and beneficial cooperation between representatives of the business sector and state bodies, strengthening guarantees for reliable protection of the rights and legitimate interests of private property and entrepreneurship, improving the business environment, as well as ensuring the provision of quality public services to business entities.

In order to effectively implement work to support low-income and socially vulnerable families and to widely involve the population in entrepreneurship, the Ministry of Neighborhood and Family Support was established in accordance with the Presidential Decree and Resolution of February 18, 2020. Positions responsible for the development of entrepreneurship and poverty reduction at the mahalla - district (city) - regional - republican levels have been introduced, and a vertical system has been created.

The development of entrepreneurship depends on many factors, primarily on the knowledge, experience and business acumen of the entrepreneur. Today's entrepreneur must master the basics of management, leadership methods, business planning on economic issues, analysis of economic activities, reducing costs and increasing profits, as well as knowledge in the field of law and psychology.

Within the framework of the "Youth - our future" program alone, more than 1 trillion 630 billion soums of preferential credit funds were allocated to about 8 thousand business projects of representatives of the young generation, as a result of which about 40 thousand new jobs were created.

In supporting the entrepreneurship of the younger generation, the "Young Entrepreneurs" co-working centers and "Youth Labor Camps" being established in our republic are of great importance. Young people who have acquired entrepreneurial skills in them are starting independent activities. In rural areas, as a result of the implementation of the "One Hectare for Every Young Person" project, more than 54 thousand hectares of land were allocated to about 65 thousand young farmers.

Now, based on the principle of "Every entrepreneur is a supporter of youth", 1 unemployed youth will be assigned to every entrepreneur. "Project Factories" of commercial banks that have started operating in the regions will prepare project proposals and business plans based on the progressive ideas of our youth.

A special fund has been created under the Ministry of Investments and Foreign Trade to finance youth projects, and \$100 million will be allocated to this fund. This fund will provide loans for youth projects on favorable terms and at low interest rates. This will allow creating jobs for at least 500 thousand young people per year in 2021 alone. Also, the "teacher-apprentice" tradition will be further strengthened in the regions of our republic, and a system of financial incentives from the Employment Assistance Fund will be introduced for craftsmen who will be involved in this noble cause.

Using the experience of organizing free economic and small industrial zones in our country, "Youth Small Industrial Zones" will be established in all cities and districts. All infrastructure facilities necessary to support the implementation of youth projects will be located in these industrial zones. [4]



Brief conclusions

Entrepreneurship is understood as an initiative activity carried out by legal entities and individuals on the basis of their own property responsibility by producing products (providing services).

Economic, political, social and legal conditions must be created for the formation and development of entrepreneurship.

Entrepreneurship, as one of the forms of manifestation of social relations, not only contributes to increasing the potential of society, but also creates a favorable environment for the manifestation of the abilities and skills of any person, helps to increase national wealth and preserve the national spirit in the process of global integration. Therefore, the state pays great attention to the development of entrepreneurship and strengthening its legal framework.

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