



CAUSES OF CORRUPTION IN HIGHER EDUCATION

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Annotatsiya: Oliy ta'lim tizimi har bir mamlakatning ijtimoiy-iqtisodiy rivojlanishida muhim rol o'ynaydi. Biroq, bu sohada korrupsiya muammosi keng tarqalgan bo'lib, ta'lim sifatiga salbiy ta'sir ko'rsatadi. Korrupsiya, asosan, ta'lim tizimining ichki va tashqi omillari bilan bog'liq bo'lib, uning kelib chiqish sabablari ko'p qirrali va murakkabdir. Ushbu maqolada oliy ta'lim sohasida korrupsiyaning kelib chiqish sabablari chuqur tahlil qilinadi.

Kalit so'zlar: korrupsiya, ta'lim muassasalari, boshqaruv tizimi, himoya, talabalar, manfaat, raqobat.

Аннотация: Система высшего образования играет важную роль в социально-экономическом развитии каждой страны. Однако проблема коррупции в этой сфере широко распространена и негативно влияет на качество образования. Коррупция в основном связана с внутренними и внешними факторами системы образования, а ее причины многогранны и сложны. В данной статье представлен углубленный анализ причин коррупции в сфере высшего образования.

Ключевые слова: коррупция, образовательные учреждения, система управления, защита, студенты, интерес, конкуренция.

Abstract: The higher education system plays an important role in the socio-economic development of every country. However, the problem of corruption in this field is widespread and has a negative impact on the quality of education. Corruption is mainly related to the internal and external factors of the education system, and its causes are multifaceted and complex. This article provides an in-depth analysis of the causes of corruption in the field of higher education.

Key words: corruption, educational institutions, management system, protection, students, interest, competition.

INTRODUCTION

Corruption is a widespread problem in social, economic and political life, which has a negative impact on the sustainable development of the state and society. Corruption mainly manifests itself through unfair practices, bribery, favoritism and other illegal activities that arise in the relations between public authorities, the private sector and citizens.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

The first cause of corruption in the higher education system is structural problems. Competition between educational institutions, resource allocation, and weaknesses in the governance system open the way to corruption. Many universities and colleges are ready to use any method to attract their students in order to increase their reputation. This, in turn, creates unfair practices between teachers and administration. For example, teachers may lose transparency in evaluating students in their classes, which in turn leads to corruption. The second cause of corruption is social and cultural factors. In some countries, corruption has become an integral part of social life. People consider it normal to resort to corruption to protect their interests. This situation is especially noticeable in the field of higher education when there are interactions between teachers and students. Students often strive to succeed by "talking" to teachers instead of improving their knowledge. This, in turn, reduces the quality of education and increases the problem of corruption.[3]

RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

Another important cause of corruption in higher education is deficiencies in legislation and governance. In many countries, the laws and regulations governing the education system are not effective enough. Ambiguity and lack of transparency in governance systems create opportunities for corruption. For example, the lack of clear rules regarding the allocation of resources and admission processes between universities and colleges leads to corruption among teachers and students. It is necessary to improve the legislation in order to increase the effectiveness of management systems and fight against corruption. Relations between teachers and students also play an important role in the origin of corruption. Teachers often have personal interests in their interactions with students. This situation, in turn, leads to unfairness in the evaluation process of teachers. Instead of improving their knowledge, students strive to succeed by "helping" teachers. This, in turn, reduces the quality of education and increases the problem of corruption. Lack of resources in the field of higher education also causes corruption. Many universities and colleges are unable to carry out their activities effectively due to lack of financial resources. This situation, in turn, leads to the emergence of cases of corruption between teachers and students. Teachers often resort to unfair practices in order to increase their salary or earn extra income. Instead of improving their knowledge, students strive to succeed by "helping" teachers. Another reason for corruption in the field of higher education is the decline in the quality of education. [1]

Cases of corruption have a negative impact on the quality of education, as students strive to succeed by "helping" teachers instead of improving their knowledge. This situation, in turn, reduces the quality of education and reduces the level of knowledge of students. Higher education institutions must strive to improve the quality of education in order to maintain their reputation, but corruption hinders this process. It is necessary to implement a number of measures to fight corruption in the field of higher education. First, it is necessary to increase transparency in the education system and strengthen anti-corruption laws. Second, educational programs should be developed to improve interactions between teachers and students and fight against corruption. Thirdly, it is necessary to establish special commissions to fight corruption in educational institutions and monitor their activities.[5]

CONCLUSION

The causes of corruption in higher education are multifaceted and complex. Structural problems in the education system, social and cultural factors, deficiencies in legislation and administration, relationships between teachers and students, lack of resources and declining quality of education lead to the emergence of corruption. To fight corruption, it is necessary to increase transparency in the education system, strengthen laws and improve communication between teachers and students. Only in this way, it will be possible to solve the problem of corruption in the field of higher education and improve the quality of education.

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