

## THE IMPORTANCE OF PAINTING IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF INTELLECTUAL COMPETENCIES OF STUDENTS IN THE MEANS OF ART THERAPY

*Raxmatova Ikbolxon Inomjonovna*

*Teacher of the Termez State Pedagogical Institute*

**Annotation:** this article covers current issues of art therapy, which includes all types of art, as well as the importance of applying art therapy techniques in painting, and in addition to various forms of art.

**Keywords:** mind, personality, art Therapy, aggression, hatred, colors, emotions, anger, joy, psychology, fantasy, art studies integration.

### INTRODUCTION

As you know, art therapy is one of the most popular and effective methods of art. In this process, mainly fine art is used to treat various degrees of mental illness or simply for pedagogical purposes. In Art therapy, painting is often done, but it is also considered appropriate to make different shapes from clay, to decorate objects. This technique is also common not only when working with children, but also gave effective results for adults. Also, low self-esteem statistics Today show that more than seventy percent of people suffer from low self-esteem as well as lack of self-confidence. Basically, through practical art therapy exercises, anyone can significantly increase their self-esteem and be confident. It can also work with the following problems:

- Problems with behavior.
- Relationship problems, family problems.
- Chronic stress and psychosomatic disorders.

In addition, art therapy sessions help to reveal creative potential and open up new resources and opportunities in a person.

Art therapy classes are held in both individual consultations and group sessions, seminars. Depending on the client's request (or subject of training), the psychologist gives special exercises and assignments in the field of art therapy.

After all the tasks are completed, they proceed to the second important stage - to analyze, understand the material and information that the subconscious managed to pull out. At this stage, customers often comment on their personal understanding. In this regard, customers begin to understand their problems by having their own personal understanding. Of course this will give them the greatest helping hand. With the help of a psychologist, the client begins to see and understand ways to solve his problems, and sometimes he can also easily solve his problems in the process of creating a drawing. After the art therapy mashgbulot, customers will have to keep their drawings. Even a single Art therapy session or consultation can give a new positive experience and reveal something to someone you don't know. Training can be both individual and group.

It is very popular and convenient for many to treat with the help of Fine Arts and solve various problems. Art itself has a healing effect, art therapy allows you to direct this power to a particular problem as well as apply it correctly. Art therapy is seen as a tool for personal

development and creative potential. The main methods are sublimation and transformation. The specialist will help patients to believe in their perception and learn their creativity products independently, as well as together with the group.

Therapeutic goals remain in the first place, creative goals are of secondary importance and are perceived as an addition to the main methods of psychotherapy. This also includes art therapy. One of his methods is called transfer – in which the patient gradually switches to knowing his inner world through visualization. Some of the exercises involve working together in a group, promoting its implementation. As for the purposes of Art therapy, they are very diverse. they included:

- know-it-yourself,
- let's say it's self-expression,
- internal integration of the person in the moment,
- integration with external reality,
- expanding the personal experience of the moment.

Visual creativity is the best tool that provides a synthesis of fantasy and reality, which is difficult for adults or children to achieve without the help of art. The second important concept in this area of psychotherapy is sublimation. The unconscious consists of expressing instincts and confessions through art:

1. Art therapy provides the opportunity to express various emotions and feelings, mainly in a psychologically acceptable, aggressive way, in which painting or modeling are the safest and most suitable options for this purpose.
2. It is used as an additive to speed up the healing process. Internal conflicts are more easily expressed through visual images than through conversation during oral psychotherapy. Nonverbal forms remove all restrictions and conscious censorship;
3. Provides the basis for diagnostic work in the treatment process. The content and style of work allow the therapist to learn a lot about the patient. In addition, the patient can talk about internal conflicts during the interpretation of his work.
4. Art therapy allows you to work with emotions and thoughts expressed by unfortunate events in life, such as loss, trauma, fear, etc. Sometimes nonverbal means are the only effective means that reveal and clarify strong feelings and beliefs:
  - strengthening and developing mindfulness towards emotions;
  - promotes a sense of self-control and internal order;
  - art therapy helps to reveal hidden talent and abilities.

In addition, psychotherapeutic influence factors are highlighted in art therapy. The factor of artistic expression is the experience of the client to embody his feelings, needs and thoughts in his work, interact with various artistic materials and artistic image. Psychotherapy relationship factor-dynamics of client-therapist-group relationships, influence of personal experience.

The factor of interpretation and verbal feedback is the transformation, translation of material (process and result of creation) from the emotional level to the level of perception, the level of formation of meanings. The head of the Therapeutic Group provides him with all the necessary materials. Shows maximum commitment to artistic creative stimulation. The room must be large enough to host games. As for the leader of the group, of course, he must be an expert in the field of psychotherapy and, at the same time, understand art when there is none.

In some art therapy centers, this is done by different people. In others, these positions are combined, that is, the leader of the group combines both a psychotherapist and an art critic in himself. The main role of the leader is to promote the creativity of the participants in art therapy.

**Colors and emotions.**

- Black. This is the color of the mystery, but it also expresses all the dark feeling: sadness, despair, grief. This is the color of domination and isolation.
- Gray. This is the color of neutrality, dullness, as well as indifference, insomnia. Gray is more neutral than white, because it is neither dark nor light. This means indecision, fear of side selection. It can be a symbol of depression. Gray, on the other hand, represents stability and rationality, especially when placed next to bright colors.
- Red. It is the color of energy, passion, as well as desire and love. It symbolizes speed, strength, pleasure, violent feelings. Red is a symbol of love or anger, as well as sexual attraction and danger.
- Fire. It is reasonable, calm in relation to red. It means joy and optimism. it can symbolize motivation, cooperation, social activity, interaction and attachment to extroverted energy, instinct and Mad actions in Fire.
- Brown. Brown, like Earth, symbolizes stability, reliability and conservatism, as well as dirt and corruption.
- White. It can be considered the standard color. It represents spiritual purity, existence, perfection and innocence. Before putting something on it, a white sheet of paper is perfect, making it its own beautiful and full. So the white color is confident and calm. Each color can be neutralized by adding white to it to make its senses more peaceful and overwhelming. White is the color of enlightenment and spiritual awakening, a symbol of balance between all other colors.
- Yellow. This is the color of joy, pleasure, happiness and general cheerfulness. Yellow, on the other hand, can be a symbol of stubbornness and cowardice.
- Green. It is the color of Hope, Youth and spirit, as well as balance, calmness and security. Green things are the right way, harmony and peace, the color of natural growth. He is a symbol of life in general. It also has negative connotations such as envy, enmity.
- Blue. This is the color of rationalism, wisdom, loyalty and stability. It symbolizes harmony, faith and trust, which can be associated with conservatism. It expresses reason, not emotion, following logic, not intuition. But he is also associated with sadness, "sadness", "sadness".
- Purple. This is the color of magic. It can symbolize death, spirituality, imagination, as well as pride, creativity, independence.
- Pink. It is the color of stupidity, frivolity, kindness, care, tenderness, love and femininity that expresses subtle, "quiet" feelings, as well as being separate from reality.

**Act 1.** Take a sheet of thick paper. Draw a circle.

**Act 2.** Place the circle on top of the circle and mark the same distance beyond it. Then place the circle in the center again and draw a large circle through the sign (if you make a circle, it will be twice as large) When choosing a method of Art therapy, the client can choose isotherapy, music, sand and fairy tale treatment, as well as any other type of creativity. Training usually lasts 1-2 hours and takes place several times a week. The Psychologist offers to meet with a patient or group and start working, choosing comfortable materials.

In a calm, friendly environment, the specialist will help participants focus on their own emotions or tactile experiences. When the creative process is complete, patients discuss the results with a psychologist.

**REFERENCE:**

1. Никитин Н. Арт терапия: учебное пособие. - Москва: Когито-центр, 2014.
2. Abdullaev N. San'at tarixi. -T.: San'at 2006. T. 2. - 192 b.
3. Inomjonovna, R. I. (2023). ART-TERAPIYADA TRANSPERSONAL MODEL-  
INSONPARVARLIK TAMOYILLARI SIFATIDA. Journal of new century  
innovations, 24(1), 71-79
4. Inomjonovna, R. I. (2023). Steam education is one of the main trends in the world. Journal  
of new century innovations, 21(2), 27-32.
5. Inomjonovna, R. I. (2023). PSYCHOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF PICTURE  
ACTIVITY IN EDUCATIONAL PERSONALITY. Journal of new century  
innovations, 22(1), 113-118.
6. Inomjonovna, R. I. (2023). HUMAN CAPABILITIES-SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT IS A  
PRODUCT. Journal of new century innovations, 22(1), 119-124.
7. Inomjonovna, R. I. (2023). Development of creative ability and imagination in  
children. Journal of new century innovations, 22(1), 108-112.
8. Inomjonovna, R. I. (2023). ART AS A COGNITIVE ACTIVITY IN THE LIFE OF  
CHILDREN. ОБРАЗОВАНИЕ НАУКА И ИННОВАЦИОННЫЕ ИДЕИ В МИРЕ, 14(4),  
132-137.
9. Inomjonovna, R. I. (2023). ART-TERAPIYA JAROHAT OLGAN BOLALAR UCHUN  
SAMARALI DAVOLASH VOSITASI SIFATIDA (Urush, zo'ravonlik, tabiiy ofatlar  
paytida). Journal of new century innovations, 24(1), 80-86..
10. Inomjonovna, R. I., & Xolmirzayevna, X. N. (2023). TYPES, METHODS AND  
METHODS OF TEACHING VISUAL ACTIVITY KNOWLEDGE AND  
APPLICATION. ОБРАЗОВАНИЕ НАУКА И ИННОВАЦИОННЫЕ ИДЕИ В  
МИРЕ, 14(3), 92-97.