



REGARDING THE PRIORITY OF HUMAN FREEDOM AND INTERESTS IN THE SOCIO-ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF NEW UZBEKISTAN

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Annotation: This article sheds light on the priority of human freedom and interests in the socio-economic development of New Uzbekistan, and the practical work carried out in our New Uzbekistan today and the happy services of the leader of our country for the people and the nation. explained about.

Key words: New Uzbekistan, spirituality, culture, education, upbringing, value, social, economic, freedom, national idea, strategy.

Based on the 7th direction and 100 goals of the "New Development Strategy of Uzbekistan" for 2022-2026, and of course, the 5th important initiative put forward by the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.M. Mirziyoyev, that is, the youth To meaningfully organize work time and to develop the reading culture of "New Uzbekistan" youth, to increase their love for our national art, to introduce and promote to the whole world our spiritual heritage left to us by our ancestors. It is no exaggeration to say that the highest goal of the day.

The propaganda system aimed at strengthening the spiritual and educational foundations of society in our country, implementing the main concepts and principles of the idea of national independence, increasing the sense of belonging and responsibility for the fate and future of our country in the hearts of our compatriots, especially the young generation, and strengthening ideological immunity against foreign ideas. -became an important factor of moral development. "Current youth education remains an issue that will never lose its relevance and importance for us. In such a tense and dangerous situation, we parents, teachers-coaches, the public, and the neighborhood should increase vigilance and awareness in this matter." In order for these qualities to be manifested in the behavior of each of our young men and women, we think that it is appropriate for them to know the science of "Reforms in the educational system of the New Uzbekistan Development Strategy", even if it is brief [1].

Therefore, in October 2019, the concept of developing the higher education system of the Republic of Uzbekistan until 2030 was adopted in our country. This document was based on tasks such as the development of integration of science, education and production in order to accelerate intellectual development, train competitive personnel, effectively organize scientific and innovative activities, and strengthen international cooperation. The content of this developed Concept reflects the priorities of the reform of the higher education system of our country. In it, expansion of the coverage level and improvement of the quality of education in higher educational institutions, introduction of digital technologies and educational platforms, involvement of young people in scientific activities, formation of innovative structures, commercialization of scientific research results, achievement of international recognition and many other specific directions are defined. All this serves to raise the educational process to a new level of quality.

The inviting speech of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, Shavkat Mirziyoyev, at the solemn

ceremony dedicated to the Day of Teachers and Trainers, also proves this. As the head of our state noted, we set ourselves the main goal of creating the foundation of a new renaissance in Uzbekistan, that is, the third renaissance, through large-scale democratic changes, including educational reforms.

Today, modern life cannot be imagined without the progress of science and education, as if humanity revolves around the axis of science. It is not for nothing that the development of education in the leading countries of the world is defined as the first task. After all, the future development of the country is closely related to its achievements in this field.

Today, the educational activities of universities are further improved, and the quality of our people's pursuit of knowledge, which has been formed for centuries, is once again manifested.[2] Our young people are trying to live a healthy and beautiful life, to have a permanent job in their profession, to take responsibility, not to belittle their human dignity, in short, to achieve perfection, and in this process, they see education as the most important condition.

Here, the President's meeting with scientists and intellectuals held at the Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Uzbekistan in December 2016 comes to mind. At that time, the head of state paid special attention to the introduction and use of modern technology and equipment produced abroad in the industry, agrarian sector and economy of our country in general. As the head of a large educational institution in Uzbekistan, I accepted this opinion as relevant to me and the team of our institute. After all, it was about the importation of complex technological complexes based on digital solutions to simple engineering developments and equipment.

It is very important to adapt the main tasks of education, the existing scientific potential and the talent of individuals to the actual needs of the state, its structures and economic sectors, in accordance with the needs of the state. If this is not done, one day, it is out of the question to get away from civilization, to become an unnecessary and unnecessary waste for the country. It would be wrong to say that we did not develop over the years and remained observers. The meeting at the Academy of Sciences raised questions such as what place we occupy in the scientific community in the latest history of Uzbekistan, whether we participate in the international education process, whether we aim for changes and innovations.

What new, specific technologies, equipment and software products can we offer to strengthen and develop the agrarian network, its water management complex, a specific farm? What should be the strategy of our institute to create innovative solutions and increase them in the conditions of strong competition in the field of education and scientific research? After all, in today's fast-paced world, it is impossible to get stuck in one place, to lose all knowledge and skills, and to decline due to illiteracy.

The practical work of the initiative of the Honorable President of Uzbekistan to create a harmonious neighborhood environment, that is, the "prosperity belt", is being carried out.

Uzbekistan is the country of Central Asia with the largest population, rich natural resources and geographically convenient location, and it plays a decisive role in the socio-economic development of the region. That's why the foreign policy of our country, relations with neighboring countries are of great importance as they affect the fate of the entire region with a population of about 70 million people.

This is the reason why international experts and the world mass media focus on the foreign policy of President Shavkat Mirziyoyev with the countries of the region. It should be noted that the head of our state, in his speech at the joint session of the parliamentary chambers on September 8 last year, specifically emphasized that the Central Asian region is considered the main priority of Uzbekistan's foreign policy in ensuring the national interests of our country.[3] "We remain committed to conducting an open, friendly and pragmatic policy with our close neighbors Turkmenistan, Kazakhstan, Tajikistan and Kyrgyzstan," said Shavkat Mirziyoyev.

The most important thing is that our foreign policy is not just lofty and empty talk, but should serve to create decent living conditions for our people and nation. In addition, the main task of foreign policy is to strengthen the confidence of our people in the future, and at the same time to contribute to the development of our country. All this is evident in our relations with neighboring countries.

The result corresponds to the intention. The fact that friendly relations with neighboring countries are a priority for our country can be understood from the first state visit of President Shavkat Mirziyoyev to Turkmenistan. Experts say that this trip had the status of a state visit. Such visits are carried out once per country. Secondly, judging by the importance and scope of the issues on the agenda, the agreements reached

and the documents signed, it was indeed a historic visit. Because on the eve of this event and during the visit, many people asked, "Why was the first visit of the President of Uzbekistan to Turkmenistan?" - the question arose. There are several reasons for this.

First of all, this fully corresponds to the foreign policy concept of Uzbekistan. In this document, the development of friendly relations with neighboring countries is defined as the main direction. As part of the visit, the heads of state signed the Agreement on strategic partnership between the Republic of Uzbekistan and Turkmenistan, which serves to further strengthen the historically formed friendly and harmonious neighborly relations between the brotherly nations. This serves as a solid basis for stable, reliable and long-term relations between the two countries. Another significance of this state visit is that the mutual trust and understanding established at the level of the leaders of the two countries will be the foundation stone for new perspectives of cooperation.

It should be noted that such cooperative relations with Kyrgyzstan and Tajikistan are being carried out rapidly. According to the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Abdulaziz Kamilov, an agreement is being reached on such a complex and sensitive issue as the demarcation and delimitation of our borders with Kyrgyzstan. Today, nearly a thousand kilometers of the border has been clearly defined, and a corresponding agreement is being prepared. This historical document is expected to be signed within the framework of the visit of the head of Kyrgyzstan to our country. The most important thing is that both Uzbekistan and our long-time partners understand that in any negotiations such sensitive issues should be conducted on the basis of the principles of good neighborliness, mutual respect and recognition of the interests of the parties.

These issues are of crucial importance in today's conditions, where a complex situation is emerging in the Central Asian region and the whole world, where the danger of terrorism, extremism and radicalism is increasing. Taking this into account, we set the provision of peace and security as one of the priority directions of our activity at the very beginning of the establishment of New Uzbekistan.

In a historically short period of time, our national army was formed, which is capable of reliably protecting the independence, territorial integrity, inviolability of our borders, and the peaceful and peaceful life of our people. It is our national army that is a reliable guarantee for the creation of a free, free and prosperous life in our country, and the effective implementation of democratic reforms.

As part of the implementation of the policy based on the principles of openness and mutual consideration of national interests in our region, our Armed Forces have established and are strengthening close partnership relations with their counterparts in Central Asia and many countries of the world. In recent years, we have conducted a number of joint training exercises together. We also organized the visits of high-level military delegations, and shared experience in operational and combat training. Today, our ever-increasing cooperation is becoming an important factor in ensuring regional security and stability, peace and tranquility in our common home called Central Asia. The system of continuous military education organized at the level of world standards is steadily developing. Currently, the Military Institute of Information-Communication Technologies, which is newly created and unique in its focus on the essence, is worthy among the modern higher education institutions in our country.

The impact of global changes in the 21st century on our country's foreign policy is an important issue in the President's book "New Uzbekistan Strategy", which is very relevant for Uzbekistan's diplomacy.

Regardless of the situation in the international arena and any emerging threats, Uzbekistan pursues a policy aimed at reliably ensuring its independence and sovereignty, security and stable socio-economic development, as well as the well-being of all citizens.

In recent years, fundamental reforms in our country, consistent and active foreign policy, especially the strengthening of the environment of close neighborhood in the Central Asian region, are increasing the international prestige of our country.

The domestic and foreign policy of Uzbekistan, based on deep thought, pragmatic and concrete solutions, is being recognized by the international community for its vitality and response to the needs and interests of ordinary people.

The fact that these noble goals are being expressed in practice is a sign that important changes are beginning in the life of not only our country, but also the peoples of the region. In general, the new foreign policy of New Uzbekistan is noteworthy for the fact that it aims to develop our country, create a decent standard of living for our citizens, and strengthen their confidence in the future.

The head of our state, Shavkat Mirziyoyev, also spoke about the active and pragmatic foreign policy of Uzbekistan.

As a result of our efforts in the field of foreign political and economic relations in the last five years, the status and reputation of our country as an open, reliable and initiative state in the international arena has increased dramatically.

We managed to create a new political environment in the Central Asian region in the spirit of mutual solidarity and respect, close neighborliness and strategic partnership. Many problems that have plagued our ordinary citizens for many years have been solved, and the relations between our friendly and brotherly peoples are increasing.

This is our greatest achievement [4].

The volume of trade with our neighbors has increased 5 times in five years, and we are implementing large joint projects together. Consultative meetings of regional leaders are held regularly.

In addition, a new format of practical relations was established with the powerful countries of the world and our other strategic partners.

We actively participate as a member of the United Nations Human Rights Council. These positive processes are widely recognized by the international community.

The recent summit on the interdependence of Central and South Asia and the conference of the Islamic Development Bank, which took place in Tashkent, proved this.

We will actively continue our systematic and well-thought-out, pragmatic foreign political and economic diplomacy [5].

First of all, we will bring the close cooperation in security, trade-economic, water, energy and transport, cultural-humanitarian spheres to a higher level in terms of quality in Central Asia.

In the next five years, the volume of mutual trade will be increased by at least 2 times. We strengthen integrated chains and cooperation to create added value in the industry. In the field of transport, foreign trade, "green corridors" and transit opportunities will be expanded.

One of our main tasks is to strengthen the principle of public diplomacy, including relations in the fields of science, education, health care, culture, sports and tourism.

For this purpose, we will develop the regional cooperation strategy of Uzbekistan for Central Asia.[6]

In conclusion, this article aims to raise the morale of the youth of our Republic, who have made good use of the opportunities created by our President for education and upbringing, to appreciate our rich spiritual heritage as a value and to raise a generation worthy of great artists and ancestors. and serves to a certain extent to educate young people who make a great contribution to the development of today's New Uzbekistan, to educate young people who have a scientific, educated, and successful worldview of New Uzbekistan worthy of the name "2023 Focus on Humanity and Quality Education".

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